

species, or


(ii) greater than the binding energy of any hydrogen species for which the corresponding ordinary hydrogen species is unstable or is not observed because the ordinary hydrogen species' binding energy is less than thermal energies at ambient conditions, or is negative; and

- (b) at least one other element; the method comprising the steps of:
- providing a gaseous catalyst comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of atoms of Li, Be, K, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, As, Se, Kr, Rb, Sr, Nb, Mo, Pd, Sn, Te, Cs, Ce, Pr, Sm, Gd, Dy, Pb, and Pt;
  - providing gaseous hydrogen atoms;
  - reacting said gaseous catalyst with said gaseous hydrogen atoms, thereby forming hydrino from said gaseous hydrogen atoms;
  - reacting said hydrino with at least one selected from the group consisting of a source of electrons in combination with at least one other element,  $H^+$ , increased binding energy hydrogen species, and other elements to form the compound.

Please add new claims 122-204 as follows:

122. A method of claim 121, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of  $H_n$ ,  $H_n^-$ , and  $H_n^+$  where  $n$  is a positive integer, with the proviso that  $n$  is greater than 1 when  $H$  has a positive charge.

123. A method of claim 121, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of (a) hydride ion having a binding energy that is greater than the binding of ordinary hydride ion (about 0.8 eV) for  $p = 2$  up to 23 in which the binding energy is represented by


$$\text{Binding Energy} = \frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[ \frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^2} - \frac{\pi\mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left( 1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[ \frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^3} \right)$$

where  $p$  is an integer greater than one,  $s = 1/2$ ,  $\pi$  is pi,  $\hbar$  is Planck's constant bar,  $\mu_o$  is the permeability of vacuum,  $m_e$  is the mass of the electron,  $\mu_e$  is the reduced electron mass,  $a_o$  is the Bohr radius, and  $e$  is the elementary charge; (b) hydrogen atom having a binding energy greater than about 13.6 eV; (c) hydrogen molecule having a first binding energy greater than about 15.5 eV; and (d) molecular hydrogen ion having a binding energy greater than about 16.4 eV.

124. A method of claim 123, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is a hydride ion having a binding energy of about 3.0, 6.6, 11.2, 16.7, 22.8, 29.3, 36.1, 42.8, 49.4, 55.5, 61.0, 65.6, 69.2, 71.5, 72.4, 71.5, 68.8, 64.0, 56.8, 47.1, 34.6, 19.2, or 0.65 eV.

125. A method of claim 124, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is a hydride ion having the binding energy:

$$\text{Binding Energy} = \frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_o^2 \left[ \frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_o e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_o^3} \left( 1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[ \frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^3} \right)$$

where  $p$  is an integer greater than one,  $s = 1/2$ ,  $\pi$  is pi,  $\hbar$  is Planck's constant bar,  $\mu_o$  is the permeability of vacuum,  $m_e$  is the mass of the electron,  $\mu_e$  is the reduced electron mass,  $a_o$  is the Bohr radius, and  $e$  is the elementary charge.

126. A method of claim 121, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of

a. a hydrogen atom having a binding energy of about  $\frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{\left( \frac{1}{p} \right)^2}$  where  $p$  is an

integer,

- b. an increased binding energy hydride ion ( $H^-$ ) having a binding energy of

$$\text{about } \frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[ \frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^2} - \frac{\pi\mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left( 1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[ \frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^3} \right) \text{ where}$$

$s = 1/2$ ,  $\pi$  is pi,  $\hbar$  is Planck's constant bar,  $\mu_0$  is the permeability of vacuum,  $m_e$  is the mass of the electron,  $\mu_e$  is the reduced electron mass,  $a_0$  is the Bohr radius, and  $e$  is the elementary charge;

- c. an increased binding energy hydrogen species  $H_4^+(1/p)$ ;

- d. an increased binding energy hydrogen species trihydrino molecular ion,

$$H_3^+(1/p), \text{ having a binding energy of about } \frac{22.6}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2} eV \text{ where } p \text{ is an integer,}$$

- e. an increased binding energy hydrogen molecule having a binding energy of

$$\text{about } \frac{15.5}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2} eV ; \text{ and}$$

- f. an increased binding energy hydrogen molecular ion with a binding energy of

$$\text{about } \frac{16.4}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2} eV .$$

127. A method of claim 126, wherein  $p$  is from 2 to 200.

128. A method of claim 121, which is greater than 50 atomic percent pure.

129. A method of claim 128, which is greater than 90 atomic percent pure.

130. A method of claim 129, which is greater than 98 atomic percent pure.

131. A method of claim 121, wherein said increased binding energy hydrogen species is negative.
132. A method of claim 131, comprising at least one cation.
133. A method of claim 132, wherein the cation is a proton,  $H_2^+$ ,  $H_3^+$ ,  $H_2^* \left[ 2c' = \frac{2a_o}{p} \right]^+$ ,  $H_3^+(1/p)$ , or  $H_4^+(1/p)$ .
134. A method of claim 121, wherein the other element is an ordinary hydrogen atom or an ordinary hydrogen molecule.
135. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[KH_mKCO_3]_n$  wherein m and n are each an integer, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
136. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[KH_mKNO_3]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$  wherein m, m', n and n' are each an integer, X is a singly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
137. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[KHKNO_3]_n$  wherein n is an integer, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
138. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[KHKOH]_n$  wherein n is an integer and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
139. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[MH_mM'X]_n$  wherein m and n are each an integer, M and M' are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X is a singly or

doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one  $H$ , and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

140. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[MH_m M' X']_n^{m'+}$   $n' X^-$  wherein  $m$ ,  $m'$ ,  $n$ , and  $n'$  are each an integer,  $M$  and  $M'$  are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation,  $X$  and  $X'$  are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one  $H$ , and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
141. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[MH_m M' X']_n^{m'-}$   $n' M''^+$  wherein  $m$ ,  $m'$ ,  $n$ , and  $n'$  are each an integer,  $M$ ,  $M'$ , and  $M''$  are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation,  $X$  and  $X'$  are each a singly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one  $H$ , and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
142. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[MH_m]_n^{m'+}$   $n' X^-$  wherein  $m$ ,  $m'$ ,  $n$ , and  $n'$  are each an integer,  $M$  is alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation,  $X$  is a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one  $H$ , and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
143. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[MH_m]_n^{m'-}$   $n' M'^+$  wherein  $m$ ,  $m'$ ,  $n$ , and  $n'$  are each an integer,  $M$  and  $M'$  are an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, the compound contains at least one  $H$ , and the hydrogen content  $H_m$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
144. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{10})_n$  wherein  $n$  is an integer,  $M$  is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content

$(H_{16})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

145. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{10})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{16})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

146. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M^+(H_{16})_n^-$  wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as an alkali, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{16})_n^-$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

147. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M^+(H_{16})_n^-$  wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{16})_n^-$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

148. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{16})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{16})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

149. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{16})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{16})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

150. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{24})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content

$(H_{24})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

151. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{24})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{24})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

152. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{60})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{60})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

153. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{60})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{60})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

154. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{70})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{70})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

155. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{70})_n$  wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{70})_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

156. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$  wherein q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or

compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

157. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$  wherein q, r, s, and t are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

158. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $MX$  wherein  $M$  is positive, neutral, or negative and is selected from the list of  $H_{16}$ ,  $H_{16}H$ ,  $H_{16}H_2$ ,  $H_{24}H_{23}$ ,  $OH_{22}$ ,  $OH_{23}$ ,  $OH_{24}$ ,  $MgH_2 H_{16}$ ,  $NaH_3 H_{16}$ ,  $H_{24}H_2O$ ,  $CNH_{16}$ ,  $CH_{30}$ ,  $SiH_4H_{16}$ ,  $(H_{16})_3H_{15}$ ,  $SiH_4(H_{16})_2$ ,  $(H_{16})_4$ ,  $H_{70}$ ,  $Si_2H_6H_{16}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2H_{16}$ ,  $SiH_4(H_{16})_3$ ,  $CH_{70}$ ,  $NH_{69}$ ,  $NH_{70}$ ,  $NHH_{70}$ ,  $OH_{70}$ ,  $H_2OH_{70}$ ,  $FH_{70}$ ,  $H_3OH_{70}$ ,  $SiH_2H_{60}$ ,  $Si(H_{16})_3H_{15}$ ,  $Si(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_2$ ,  $SiH_3(H_{16})_4$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_2$ ,  $O_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $SiH_4(H_{16})_4$ ,  $NOH_{70}$ ,  $O_2H_{69}$ ,  $HONH_{70}$ ,  $O_2H_{70}$ ,  $H_2ONH_{70}$ ,  $H_3O_2H_{70}$ ,  $Si_2H_6(H_{24})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_3$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3H_{16}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_3$ ,  $(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $(OH_{24})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_{70}$ ,  $Si_3H_{11}(H_{16})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_4$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_2$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $NaOSiH_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $NaKH H_{70}$ ,  $Si_2H_7(H_{70})$ ,  $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_3$ ,  $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_3$ ,  $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_5$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4H_{16}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_3$ ,  $Na_2OSiH_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Si_3H_8(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Na_2KH H_{70}$ ,  $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Na_2HKH H_{70}$ ,  $SO(H_{16})_6(H_{15})$ ,  $SH_2(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $SO(H_{16})_7$ ,  $Mg_2H_2H_{23}H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_2$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_4$ ,  $KH_3O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$ ,  $KH_5O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$ ,  $K(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $K_2OH H_{70}$ ,  $NaKHO_2H_{70}$ ,  $NaOHNaO_2 H_{70}$ ,  $HNO_3 O_2 H_{70}$ ,  $Rb(H_{16})_5$ ,  $Si_3H_{11}H_{70}$ ,  $KNO_2(H_{16})_5$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_3$ ,  $KKH(H_{16})_7$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_4$ ,  $(KH_2)_2(H_{16})_3H_{70}$ ,  $(NiH_2)_2HCl(H_{16})_2H_{70}$ ,  $Si_5OH_{102}$ ,  $(SiH_3)_7(H_{16})_5$ ,  $Na_3O_3(SiH_3)_{10}SiH(H_{16})_5$ , X is other element, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen.

159. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $MX$  wherein  $M$  is positive, neutral, or negative and is selected from the list of  $H_{16}$ ,  $H_{16}H$ ,  $H_{16}H_2$ ,  $H_{24}H_{23}$ ,  $OH_{22}$ ,  $OH_{23}$ ,  $OH_{24}$ ,  $MgH_2 H_{16}$ ,  $NaH_3 H_{16}$ ,  $H_{24}H_2O$ ,  $CNH_{16}$ ,  $CH_{30}$ ,  $SiH_4H_{16}$ ,  $(H_{16})_3H_{15}$ ,  $SiH_4(H_{16})_2$ ,  $(H_{16})_4$ ,  $H_{70}$ ,  $Si_2H_6H_{16}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2H_{16}$ ,  $SiH_4(H_{16})_3$ ,  $CH_{70}$ ,  $NH_{69}$ ,  $NH_{70}$ ,  $NHH_{70}$ ,  $OH_{70}$ ,  $H_2OH_{70}$ ,  $FH_{70}$ ,  $H_3OH_{70}$ ,  $SiH_2H_{60}$ ,  $Si(H_{16})_3H_{15}$ ,  $Si(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_2$ ,  $SiH_3(H_{16})_4$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_2$ ,  $O_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $SiH_4(H_{16})_4$ ,  $NOH_{70}$ ,  $O_2H_{69}$ ,  $HONH_{70}$ ,  $O_2H_{70}$ ,  $H_2ONH_{70}$ ,  $H_3O_2H_{70}$ ,



$Si_2H_6(H_{24})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_3$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3H_{16}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_3$ ,  $(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $(OH_{24})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  
 $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_{70}$ ,  $Si_3H_{11}(H_{16})_2$ ,  $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_4$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_2$ ,  $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  
 $NaOSiH_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $NaKH H_{70}$ ,  $Si_2H_7(H_{70})$ ,  $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_3$ ,  $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_3$ ,  
 $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_5$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4H_{16}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_3$ ,  $Na_2OSiH_2(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Si_3H_8(H_{16})_4$ ,  
 $Na_2KH H_{70}$ ,  $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_4$ ,  $Na_2HKH H_{70}$ ,  $SO(H_{16})_6(H_{15})$ ,  
 $SH_2(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $SO(H_{16})_7$ ,  $Mg_2H_2H_{23}H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_2$ ,  
 $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_4$ ,  $KH_3O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$ ,  $KH_5O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$ ,  $K(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$ ,  
 $K_2OH H_{70}$ ,  $NaKHO_2H_{70}$ ,  $NaOHNaO_2 H_{70}$ ,  $HNO_3 O_2 H_{70}$ ,  $Rb(H_{16})_5$ ,  
 $Si_3H_{11}H_{70}$ ,  $KNO_2(H_{16})_5$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_3$ ,  $KKH(H_{16})_7$ ,  $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_4$ ,  
 $(KH_2)_2(H_{16})_3H_{70}$ ,  $(NiH_2)_2HCl(H_{16})_2H_{70}$ ,  $Si_5OH_{102}$ ,  $(SiH_3)_7(H_{16})_5$ ,  
 $Na_3O_3(SiH_3)_{10}SiH(H_{16})_5$ , X is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound,  
 and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased  
 binding energy hydrogen.

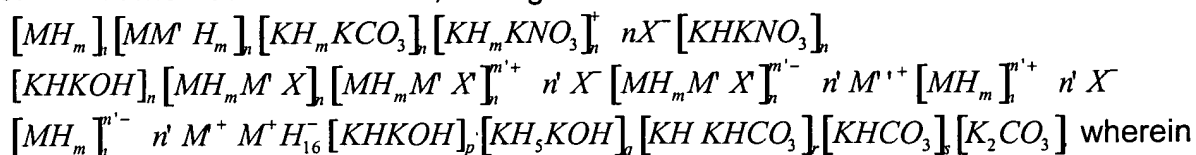
160. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 8 to 12, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
161. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 8 to 12, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
162. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M^+(H_x)_n^-$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is other element such as an alkali, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n^-$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
163. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M^+(H_x)_n^-$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and

the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

164. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
165. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
166. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 22 to 26, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
167. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 22 to 26, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
168. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 58 to 62, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
169. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 58 to 62, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

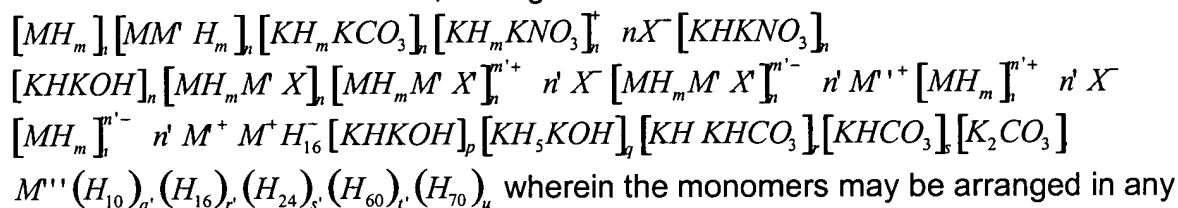
170. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species
171. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_n$  wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_n$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
172. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$  wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
173. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $M(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$  wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content  $(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$  of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
174. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $[KHKOH]_p[KH_5KOH]_q[KH\ KHCO_3]_r[KHCO_3]_s[K_2CO_3]_t$  wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, p, q, r, s, and t are each an integer including zero but not all zero, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen.

175. A method of claim 121, having a formula



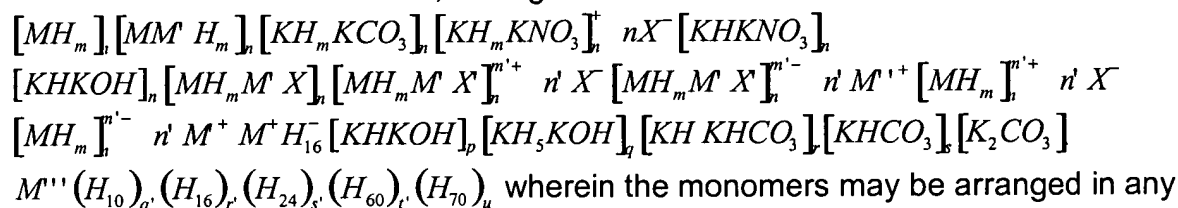
the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, and t are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

176. A method of claim 121, having a formula



order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is other element, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

177. A method of claim 121, having a formula



order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound

contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

178. A method of claim 121, having a formula

$$[MH_m]_n [MM' H_m]_n [KH_m KCO_3]_n [KH_m KNO_3]_n nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$$

$$[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^{'+} [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$$

$$[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^{'+} M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$$

$$M''' (H_x)_q (H_x)_r (H_y)_s (H_{y'})_t (H_z)_u$$
 wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is other element, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

179. A method of claim 121, having a formula

$$[MH_m]_n [MM' H_m]_n [KH_m KCO_3]_n [KH_m KNO_3]_n nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$$

$$[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^{'+} [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$$

$$[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^{'+} M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$$

$$M''' (H_x)_q (H_x)_r (H_y)_s (H_{y'})_t (H_z)_u$$
 wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

180. A method of claim 121, having a formula


$$[MH_m]_n [MM' H_m]_n [KH_m KCO_3]_n [KH_m KNO_3]_n nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$$

$[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$   
 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$   
 $M''' (H_x)_q (H_x)_r (H_y)_s (H_{y'})_t (H_z)_u$  wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order,  
 n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all  
 zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22  
 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M' and M'' are  
 each a metal such as silicon, aluminum, Group III A elements, Group IVA elements, a  
 transition metal, inner transition metal, tin, boron, or a rare earth, lanthanide, an alkali  
 or alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is other  
 element, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound  
 contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at  
 least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

181. A method of claim 121, having a formula
- $[MH_m]_n [MM' H_m]_n [KH_m KCO_3]_n [KH_m KNO_3]_n nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$   
 $[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$   
 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$   
 $M''' (H_x)_q (H_x)_r (H_y)_s (H_{y'})_t (H_z)_u$  wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order,  
 n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all  
 zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22  
 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M' and M'' are  
 each a metal such as silicon, aluminum, Group III A elements, Group IVA elements, a  
 transition metal, inner transition metal, tin, boron, or a rare earth, lanthanide, an alkali  
 or alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is an  
 increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly or doubly  
 negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen  
 content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen  
 species.

182. A method of claim 121, having a formula  $Si_x H_y (H_{16})_z$  wherein x is an  
 integer, y is an integer from  $2x+2$  to  $4x$ , z is an integer, and the hydrogen content H of  
 the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

183. A method of claim 136, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
184. A method of claim 139, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
185. A method of claim 140, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
186. A method of claim 141, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
187. A method of claim 142, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
188. A method of claim 175, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
189. A method of claim 176, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
190. A method of claim 177, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

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191. A method of claim 178, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
192. A method of claim 179, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
193. A method of claim 180, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
194. A method of claim 181, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
195. A method of claim 139, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.
196. A method of claim 140, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.
197. A method of claim 142, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.
198. A method of claim 175, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.